			Reference:		-	
	Dep Env	partment: vironmental Affairs PUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA	Circulation:	Aliwal Shoal MPA Forum 2014	Compiled by: Tenjiwe Selani & Babalwa Stemela	DEA:OC Secretariat
Document Type: Draft Meeting Minutes		Draft Meeting Minutes				
Title:		ALIWAL SHOAL MPA FORUM 2014 Time : 10h30 – 20h00 Venue : Rocky Bay Resort in KZN Date : 11 – 14 February 2014 Facilitated by: Mr John Duncan (WV		ANS & COAST & W	WF	

No.	Item	Discussion	Action	Due Date
1.	Opening and welcome	 The Chairperson open and welcome all 	None	
		members present to the meeting. A special		
		welcome to Dr Monde Mayekiso (DDG), Mr		
		Andre Share (CD in ICM) management of		
		DEA: OC; Mr Mkefe also acknowledged the		
		presence of the COO of Ezemvelo KZN		
		Wildlife Dr Bandile. Mkhize.		
1.2	Registration	The attendance register was signed by everyone	None	
		present		
1.3	House Rules: John Duncan	The house rules were highlighted.	None	

No.	Item	Discussion	Action	Due Date
1.4	Apologies	The following apologies were acknowledged:		
		 Dr Ane Oosthuizen (SANParks) 		
		 Dr Kerry Sink (SANBI) 		
		 Shalien De Silver (DAFF) 		
		– Bruce Mann (ORI)		
		 Herry Peters 		
		 Herman Oosthuizen (DEA: OC) 		
		 Dr Toffiek Samaai (DEA:OC) 		
		 Mzwabantu Kostauli (ECPTA) 		
		– Lindelani Mudau (DEA:OC)		
		 Prideel Majiedt (SANBI) 		
1.5	Acceptance of 2012 minutes and	The minutes were checked and adopted with few		
	matters arising	minor changes suggested by Mr Mbulelo Dopholo of		
		SANParks, herein under inputs.		
		Shore-based recreational angling results summary		
		ANP		
		Monitoring effort is stable ~ +70 surveys / month –		
		consistency in patterns observed		

No.	Item	Discussion	Action	Due Date
		SE and SW winds seem to be ideal for angling, but		
		must still has to disentangle the holiday effect		
		Catch composition is diverse, but dominated by		
		kabeljou, sand shark and galjoen (all galjoen was		
		caught within season)		
		Most of the white steenbras caught is undersized -		
		sustainability concern (chronic recruitment failure)		
		The main reason for fishing is to relax and have fun;		
		and the occupation of the anglers is diverse		
		The average expenditure was higher over		
		weekends, and the composition of anglers was		
		dominated by locals in winter with no nationals. In		
		summer the proportion of locals was substantially		
		reduced and that of nationals increased		
		WCNP		
		Monitoring effort was not stable, and start		
		monitoring times not spread out evenly - hence		
		inconsistency in observed patterns		
		NE and SE winds seem to be ideal for angling, but		
		must still has to disentangle the holiday effect		

No.	Item	Discussion	Action	Due Date
		Catch composition was not diverse, typical of the		
		upwelling region systems		
		Most of the fish caught was within size limit, except		
		for steentjie, which doesn't have a set size limit -		
		sustainability concern for steentjie (chronic		
		recruitment failure)		
		CPUE was highest during Spring and Summers		
		seasons associated with Holiday visitors		
		Question and answers		
		Answer:		
		The results reflect what empirical evidence shows,		
		and one cannot manipulate data to mimic results of		
		the previous studies as the environment and fisher		
		behaviour is not static. Thus it is inconceivable that		
		one would expect the exact results observed more		
		than a decade or two ago to be reproduced.		
		Answer:		
		The staff is well trained and three of the staff are in		

No.	Item	Discussion	Action	Due Date
		fact anglers themselves so know the fish very well.		
		In addition, I always do re-training session every		
		three to six months depending on staff turnover.		
		The issue about seeing through lies is a difficult		
		one, as we only work with fish caught by the time of		
		interview.		
2	Overview of the meeting	Mr Xola Mkefe from Department of Environmental	None	
		Affairs (DEA), presented an overview of the meeting		
		and the purpose of the meeting from the department		
		perspective. Mr Mkefe highlighted that it is a casual		
		meeting, an informative meeting, a learning		
		exercise where conservation officials come together		
		and share lessons learnt.		
3	EKZNW Welcome: Dr Bandile	Dr Mkhize welcomed and acknowledged the	None	
	Mkhize	presence of different agencies. He welcomed staff		
		from the municipalities, his colleagues from EKZN		
		Wildlife and law enforcement agencies. In his		
		welcoming speech, he talked about the importance		
		of the ocean in general.		

No.	Item	Discussion	Action	Due Date
3.1	DEA: Welcome and Opening			
	Address: DEA DDG: Oceans & Coasts	Dr Mayekiso gave a picture around MPA		
	Coasis	management. He highlighted things that were done		
		around MPAs in the last 20 years. He mentioned		
		that in 1982 members of the United Nations signed		
		the Law of Sea (UNCLOS). He also mentioned that		
		it took 12 years or more to negotiate this law.		
		Dr Mayekiso highlighted that the Law of the Sea		
		was to give control of zones of the sea and the		
		coastal state. He mentioned that another important		
		event in our history was the 1992 agenda 21 and		
		again the agenda 21 covered a number of coastal		
		environmental sustainable issues. He said what was		
		important about it was to integrate the management		
		of the coast and management of the oceans.		
		Dr Mayekiso also referred to marine legislation,		
		mentioning that in 1997 a marine fisheries white		
		paper was written followed by the 1998 MLRA		
		section 43 of which it allows for MPAs to be		

Item	Discussion	Action	Due Date
	established. He said the department is excited when		
	the white paper was approved for ocean		
	governance and they never managed oceans in an		
	integrated way, various departments were doing		
	their own thing.		
	Dr Mayekiso also mentioned that department		
	worked on economic perspective of oceans, in		
	doing the research and department discovered that		
	oceans contribute to the GDP of South Africa. He		
	highlighted that in 2002 in WSSD, government took		
	a decision that they would establish high seas		
	MPAs and they gave themselves a deadline of 2010		
	but the year came and there were no high SEAS		
	MPAs.		
	Dr Mayekiso lastly mentioned that in 2012 the USA		
	and New Zealand proposed an MPA in Ross Sea		
	Region. Frans, EU and Australia proposed one in		
	East Antarctica; No agreement was reached so far.		
		established. He said the department is excited when the white paper was approved for ocean governance and they never managed oceans in an integrated way, various departments were doing their own thing. Dr Mayekiso also mentioned that department worked on economic perspective of oceans, in doing the research and department discovered that oceans contribute to the GDP of South Africa. He highlighted that in 2002 in WSSD, government took a decision that they would establish high seas MPAs and they gave themselves a deadline of 2010 but the year came and there were no high SEAS MPAs. Dr Mayekiso lastly mentioned that in 2012 the USA and New Zealand proposed an MPA in Ross Sea Region. Frans, EU and Australia proposed one in	established. He said the department is excited when the white paper was approved for ocean governance and they never managed oceans in an integrated way, various departments were doing their own thing. Dr Mayekiso also mentioned that department worked on economic perspective of oceans, in doing the research and department discovered that oceans contribute to the GDP of South Africa. He highlighted that in 2002 in WSSD, government took a decision that they would establish high seas MPAs and they gave themselves a deadline of 2010 but the year came and there were no high SEAS MPAs. Dr Mayekiso lastly mentioned that in 2012 the USA and New Zealand proposed an MPA in Ross Sea Region. Frans, EU and Australia proposed one in

No.	Item	Discussion	Action	Due Date
3.2	Questions and Comments	Q – What are the intentions of the department		
		about high seas MPAs going forward?		
		A – Dr Mayekiso response was that the		
		department view was that they should have high		
		seas MPAs because there is biodiversity in		
		areas that have not been discovered. He said a		
		lot has been destroyed so they thought it was		
		important to have high seas MPAs. Dr Mayekiso		
		also said the previous government did not		
		enforce but they had something on paper but		
		they never enforced. He lastly mentioned that		
		1994 government vigorously applied law, which		
		is why people are sceptical of this current		
		government that is oppressing people.		
4.	Integrated Coastal Management:	Mr Share presentation was well received. Andre's	None	
	The Big Picture: DEA CD: ICM	presentation focused on Integrated Coastal		
		Management.		
4.1	Questions and Comments	C – Sometimes management plans are ignored,		

No.	Item	Discussion	Action	Due Date
		and they are critical because they guide us on		
		how to manage the MPAs and aligning our		
		management with the terrestrial management.		
		There is few management plans, and most of the		
		management plans are those that are linked to		
		Provincial and National Parks MPAs. The one		
		they have they need to be reviewed every 5		
		years.		
		Q – What is the department going to do in		
		focusing on measuring the effectiveness of		
		MPAs? Current use outside MPAs, is DEA		
		looking at that?		
		Ä – DEA is looking at updating the current		
		METT, incorporating MPAs.		
		Q – What is the value of MPAs or benefits of		
		MPAs?		
		C – Some of the MPAs need to be reviewed.		

No.	Item	Discussion	Action	Due Date
4.2	Mr Xola Mkefe	 <i>C</i> – Synergising on MPAs, what they do in MPAs as well as what they do in fisheries. <i>Q</i> – What are the plans for the department to ensure municipal by inn? Plans for conflict resolution in MPAs. Mr Mkefe replied to some of the questions and comments. He mentioned that DAFF has a Small Scales Fisheries Policy, which some people think may affect our MPAs. Mr Mkefe said DEA has an MOU between DAFF and DEA on how they work and even on legislation. 	To synergise the work of MPAs	
		Mr Mkefe said regarding MPA awareness, they have to make sure that the communities are taken on board, they encourage each other and every agency that manages MPAs on DEAs behalf to form an MPA forum or management committees.	To re-look the park forums and make sure that every voice from the community is represented.	

No.	Item	Discussion	Action	Due Date
		Mr Mkefe said when they talk about benefits they		
		should be able to identify those benefits quantify		
		them and know that they are realistic and that at the		
		same time they do not overturn the ends of our		
		conservation earnings. Mr Mkefe continued to say		
		they give out permits for interacting with protected		
		species but if the permits are not for that purpose its		
		free for all so he said he is seeing it as a gap and		
		this is what they need to address as management to		
		what is happening outside protected areas.		
		Mr Mkefe further said regarding plans for		
		municipalities, municipalities are the implementers		
		on the ground so they need to know what kind of		
		plans they have. He continued to say DEA at Head		
		Office have Local government support staff, which		
		still needs to be directed towards Oceans and Coast		
		work.		
		WOIN.		

No.	Item	Discussion	Action	Due Date
		Mr Share answered some of the comments raised.	They will start on how	
4.3	Mr Andre Share	He said there are structures like MINTECH and	they will engage different	
		there is presentation from province as well as	stakeholders and there	
		SALGA. Mr Share said in all the issues raised on	might be no resolution but	
		conflict resolution it all depends on engagement of	compromises. They need	
		stakeholders.	paradigm shift in the	
			terminology that they use	
			in terms of preserving.	
4.4	Dr Monde Mayekiso	Dr Mayekiso also replied to one of the questions	They should talk to the	
		raised. He said they fail in communicating with	municipalities to engage	
		people who do not understand the coastal	communities.	
		management issues. He said department do not		
		communicate things to the communities.		
5.	Update on Coastal Biodiversity	Mr Xola Mkefe presentation covered MPA		
	Conservation: Mr Xola Mkefe / Mr Siyabonga Dlulisa (DEA)	expansion and directorate achievements.		
	Namaqua MPA process updates: Siyabonga Dlulisa	Mr Dlulisa gave an update on Dwesa-Cwebe MPA	The community will	The department
	Brief summary of Dwesa-Cwebe	re-zonation progress. He said department appointed	provide information to the	target is the 10 th
	MPA re-zoning: Siyabonga Dlulisa	a social study service provider with ECPTA. The		

No.	Item	Discussion	Action	Due Date
		Service Provider has been introduced to the	social study service	April 2014
		community. He also presented progress on the	provider.	
		Namaqualand proposed MPA.		
5.1	Questions and Comments	Q – Robberg MPA was not featured on the		
		presentation, was it dropped?		
		A – Mr Mkefe answered that it has not been		
		dropped; he wanted to see if there is progress		
		because presentation he made will go to the		
		minister so he said he wants to present		
		something that he will be sure that it will be		
		done.		
		C – DMR should be invited to the forum in order		
		to have proper discussions on coastal mining		
		issues.		
		A – It has been raised to working group 8 (WG8)		
		and department will take it seriously and make		

No.	Item	Discussion	Action	Due Date
		sure that department put DMR in the program so		
		that they are invited to attend the next MPA		
		forum.		
		C – Follow up on the issue of Namaqua. The		
		Addo expansion, the experiments that are done		
		there.		
		C – Issue of long-term security and acceptance		
		as a priority and put quantifiable measures in		
		place that must be KPAs and on the priorities.		
5.2	Mr Siyabonga Dlulisa	Mr Dlulisa answered one of the comments, he said		
		department have an MOU with DAFF and our		
		program has to link with DAFF. On the provincial		
		side, he is representing DEA in the Northern Cape		
		Provincial Coastal Committee and gives updates to		
		the NCPCC.		

No.	Item	Discussion	Action	Due Date
6.	DEA Coastal Conservation	Mr Khati presentation focused on the background of		
	Strategies: Mr Lindelani Modau	integrated coastal management, why the coast is so		
	(DEA), Represented by Potlako	important. Mr Khati also explained what department		
	Khati	is doing as coastal conservation strategies and how		
		they are supporting MPAs.		
		He also highlighted the legislations and the		
		framework department using in development of the		
		NCMP, coastal planning, data management		
		dissemination and GIS for good sound planning.		
7.	Pollution Management Update:	Ms Albertus presented a background of the work	- Stakeholders debriefing	
	Feroza Albertus (DEA)	they are doing as a directorate. Ms Albertus said	session to be held on	
		their work is focused on establishing management	the 19th February 2014	
		measures and frameworks to control major sources	- Updating of Oil Spill	
		of marine pollution which are:	Contingency Plan for	
		- Land-based sources	Knysna region in 2014	
		- Maritime oil pollution	- Dedicated post for oil	
		- Disposal of waste and other matter at sea and	spill response training	
		- Other offshore sources (ships, installations,	and exercise	
		exploration)	implementation to be	

No.	Item	Discussion	Action	Due Date
			filled in new financial	
		Ms Albertus continued to say Pollution Management	year	
		are guided by the following legislations:	- Support from new	
		- RSA Constitution	Coastal Research	
		- National Environmental Management Act 1998	Directorate in guiding	
		- Integrated Coastal Management Act 2008	measures for monitoring	
		- South African Maritime Safety Authority Act 1998	of Oil Spill Impact and	
			recovery of affected	
		<u>Challenges</u>	environment.	
		Kiani Satu:		
		- Incident occurred over long weekend		
		- No updated plan for region		
		- Roles and responsibilities unclear		
		MV Smart:		
		- Occurred when clean-up for Kiani Satu oil		
		spill was commencing.		
7.1	Questions and Comments	Q – A lot of land based pollution, results from		
		municipal incompetency causing sewage waste.		
		What is going on?		

Item	Discussion	Action	Due Date
2013 State of MPAs Report: John	Karen Tunley presented State of the MPA report.		
Duncan / Karen Tunley			
	Mr Duncan said the report is not finalised, it is still a		
	draft format and there is a bit of work to be done		
	before it can be finalised. Mr Duncan gave initial		
	findings of what has changed since 2009 report and		
	2013 report.		
Questions and Comments	Q – How do DEA plan to implement the		
	institutional arrangement to improve things on		
	the ground?		
	A – The purpose of the reports is to understand		
	where particular management challenges are		
	and finding approaches or ways around the		
	challenges, because everyone is aware of the		
	limited resources.		
Siyabonga Dlulisa	Mr Dlulisa answered some comments and		
	questions.		
	2013 State of MPAs Report: John Duncan / Karen Tunley Questions and Comments	2013 State of MPAs Report: John Duncan / Karen TunleyKaren Tunley presented State of the MPA report.Mr Duncan said the report is not finalised, it is still a draft format and there is a bit of work to be done before it can be finalised. Mr Duncan gave initial findings of what has changed since 2009 report and 2013 report.Questions and CommentsQ – How do DEA plan to implement the institutional arrangement to improve things on 	2013 State of MPAs Report: John Karen Tunley presented State of the MPA report. Duncan / Karen Tunley Mr Duncan said the report is not finalised, it is still a draft format and there is a bit of work to be done before it can be finalised. Mr Duncan gave initial findings of what has changed since 2009 report and 2013 report. Questions and Comments Q – How do DEA plan to implement the institutional arrangement to improve things on the ground? A – The purpose of the reports is to understand where particular management challenges are and finding approaches or ways around the challenges, because everyone is aware of the limited resources. Siyabonga Dlulisa Mr Dlulisa answered some comments and

No.	Item	Discussion	Action	Due Date
		A – They are relying to DEA partners and making		
		sure that the MOU that the department has with		
		DAFF is working as well as the WG8 and they		
		are working with provincial departments and		
		working with another branch EP / NRM to make		
		sure that the department has eyes and ears on		
		the ground. The department has officials		
		working in all districts municipalities dealing		
		with environmental issues. At the municipal		
		level, they make sure that the communities are		
		involved in the management of the MPA through		
		MPA forums.		
			Mr Share to look at budget	
8.3	Mr Andre Share comments	Mr Share made comments.	related matters.	
		C – Looking from a budget perspective the		
		amounts that the department is disbursing to		
		the agencies to manage MPAs on behalf of the		
		department is millions. Mr Share wanted to know		
		what are the agencies doing, where are the		
		gaps? Mr Share said it is important to know		

No.	Item	Discussion	Action	Due Date
		exactly how the budget is spent because as DEA		
		they account for budget.		
9.	Update on MPA research priorities	Dr Boyd presentation focused on research priorities.		
	for 2014: Dr Alan Boyd (DEA)	Dr Boyd mentioned that MPAs are the key focus		
		area for DEA. He mentioned that current MPAs with		
		biodiversity issues are being prioritised like TMNP,		
		Pondoland, De-Hoop, Robberg, Aliwal Shoal and		
		Isimangaliso.		
		Dr Boyd talked about the MPA research where		
		Prince Edward Island MPA will be covered by the		
		April – May cruise of the SA Agulhas Research		
		Vessel. Dr Boyd talked about climate change at		
		Marion Island. He also explained the research for		
		MPA expansion, the key stakeholders involved, and		
		what they are all doing.		
9.1	Questions and Comments	Q & C – Making research more inclusive. Who is		
		involved off the ground and on the ground?		

No.	Item	Discussion	Action	Due Date
		Q – Can you determine climate change?		
		Q – Who determines the processes / priorities?		
		Q – Is there a framework / strategy of research		
		within the MPA? Will it have any link to DST or		
		NRM? Interdisciplinary research is quite		
		essential.		
		Q – What benefit in terms of our resources, in		
		primary research area?		
9.2	Dr Alan Boyd	A – There are two processes of determining the		
		priorities. One is the actual legislative things		
		where you have to provide advice for non-		
		consumptive resource use or protection of		
		biodiversity management plan. Identify mandate		
		in various legislation, look at the health in terms		
		of water quality. The climate change caused by		
		carbon dioxide has a profound impact on		

No.	Item	Discussion	Action	Due Date
		ecosystem.		
9.3	Mr Andre Share	A – DSC together with NRM was involved in		
		developing southern oceans in Antarctica.		
		Consultation with various stakeholders and they		
		are involved as the department with DSC.		
		Looking at discovery of noble compounds.		
10.	SANParks: Andre Riley	Andre's presentation focused on the management		
		summary, management successes, key challenges,		
		park expansion plan and 2014/15 priorities.		
		C – Planning process has been ongoing for		
10.1	Questions and Comments	about 3 or 4 years and now it is the time to bring		
		local communities on board fully effective right		
		from the start.		
11.	EKZN Wildlife: Londiwe Mbuyisi /	Ms Mbuyisi presented challenges and achievement		
	Tamsyn Livingstone	in the Aliwal Shaol and Trafalgar MPA.		
11.1	Questions and Comments	C – The report is incomplete because its only		
		reflects the bad side of illegal poachers and	Introduce environmental	

No.	Item	Discussion	Action	Due Date
		fishing illegally.	education programmes.	
		C – The agencies should report on similar		
		issues. The reports should be consistent. There		
		are different views of knowing what success is		
		and what not success is. There should be		
		systems in place that will prevent the illegal		
		activities around MPAs. The reports are not		
		talking to each other.		
11.2	Xola Mkefe	A – The MPA report is for the forum where it	Mr Share referred to all the	
		highlights progress for the year. The copies of	agencies that by the end of	
		the quarterly reports will be made available for	the week to give inputs of	
		anyone who would like to see them.	what works and what is not	
			working and why. He said	
			that would give an idea of	
		B – It is up to the law enforcement to enforce the	how we should change	
		legislation and it is up to courts to decide the	things as the department.	
		number of years to sentence a person. It would		
		be beneficial for law enforcement compliance		

No.	Item	Discussion	Action	Due Date
		officers to have access to the database of		
		culprits in the court of law.		
12.	EKZN Wildlife: Tamsyn Livingstone	Ms Livingstone presented a zoning process		
		undertaken by EKZN in the KZN province. The		
		zonation is in line with the KZN SEA plan. The		
		presentation touch base of the Aliwal Shoal MPA		
		expansion.		
12.1	Questions and Comments	Q – In terms of the input data used, what other		
		information is there?		
		Q – In terms of zonation, what zonation will be		
		used for the area?		
		A – It is going to be a no-take zone.		
			Once the minister has	
12.2	Xola Mkefe	C – The effort that has been put by EKZN	gazetted it for the public	
		Wildlife is being appreciated. It has been a long	participation, it is the start of	
		process.	the formal process of	

No.	Item	Discussion	Action	Due Date
			engaging the public.	
13.	ECPTA:Vuyani Mapiya	Mr Mapiya presented challenges and achievement	Mr Dlulisa suggested that	
		of the ECPTA in all ECPTA MPAs.	Mr Mapiya should have a	
			meeting with DAFF,	
13.1	Questions and Comments	Q – Does the amount of force that is being used	Department of Justice and	
		equivalent to the risk that is faced when dealing	present the findings to the	
		with issues?	working group 4 to inform	
			the EMIs that they have a	
		A – To carry a firearm you have to be trained.	problem of not	
		SAPS should be involved because there are no	understanding the	
		proper investigations when it comes to illegal	sensitivity of FCOs working	
		poachers.	on MPAs.	
13.2	Mr Gongqose	Mr Gongqose touched on the Dwesa-Cwebe MPA		
		issue. Mr Gongqose raised his concerns. He gave a		
		history of when the area was closed and when the		
		problem started. Mr Gongqose informed everyone		
		that government never consulted the community		

No.	Item	Discussion	Action	Due Date
		and they have been fighting the battle for too long.		
		He said the community were arrested without the		
		community knowing that the area was closed and		
		they were not allowed to fish in that area anymore.		
		Mr Gongqose said that led to many problems for		
		example the hotel that used to employ people		
		started losing clients, there were no jobs. They used		
		to fish and sell to the hotel and now that opportunity		
		was closed.		
		Mr Gongqose continued and said as a community		
		leader they decided to stop the illegal fishing		
		because they see movement from government and		
		they are talking to the community to participate in		
		the government processes of zoning Dwesa-Cwebe		
		MPA. Mr Gongqose lastly said they hope that		
		government is not going to delay the process as		
		they did in the past years.		

No.	Item	Discussion	Action	Due Date
14.	Isimangaliso: Mr Sizo Sibiya	Mr Sibiya presented challenges and achievements		
		of Isimangaliso Wetland Park Authority, sighting		
		poaching.		
14.1	Questions and Comments	Q – What are the mechanisms to be put in place		
		to prevent those illegal activities?		
			Research and Management	
		Q – Research related question	to work together to address	
14.2	Sizo Sibiya	A – In order for Isimangaliso to be able to move	matters.	
		forward they need to understand the working		
		relationship between DEA and Isimangaliso.		
		Look at the agreement which stipulates who		
		supposed to do what.		
14.3	Andre Share	A – Referring to research, there are legislative	To come together for a	
		requirements that give research the mandate	comprehensive research.	
		that also sets the research agenda as		
		government department to apply research so		
		that it can fit into management decision making		
		and policy development.		

No.	Item	Discussion	Action	Due Date
15.	CapeNature: Pierre De Villiers /	Alexis presentation was a report back on 5		
	Alexis	CapeNature MPAs i.e. Robberg, Goukamma,		
		Stillbaai, De Hoop and Betty's Bay.		
15.1	Questions and Comments	A brief background of these 5 MPAs was given:		
		- CapeNature is the managing authority for five		
		MPAs in the Western Cape.		
		- Each is unique with its own set of challenges		
		- CapeNature holds a bi-annual MPA, Islands		
		and Estuaries Forum		
		- Support the Western Cape Provincial		
		government with regards to management		
		issues at the PCC, MCC, PAAC and estuary		
		management forum level		
		Ms Alexis gave a report on the proposed budget for		
		2013/2014 and the budget received for 2013/2014		
		and the budget breakdown expenditure.		
		Ms Alexis also gave a brief progress on compliance		

No.	Item	Discussion	Action	Due Date
		and law enforcement, the patrols conducted, the		
		transgressions and lack of FCO cards and EMI		
		certificates which makes law enforcement		
		challenging.		
		She gave an overview of MPA resonation and	Management plans	
		realignment, which are Goukamma, Robberg and	- Betty's Bay completed	
		Betty's Bay. She also gave a feedback on	in 2012	
		management plans	- Robberg completed in	
			2012	
		The following feedback or report was given:	- Goukamma to be	
		- Environmental education and awareness	completed in 2014 /	
		- Staff training	2015	
		- Research and monitoring	- De Hoop to be	
		- MPA highlights and lowlights	completed in 2014 /	
			2015	
		Priorities for 2014 / 2015	- Stillbaai to be completed	
		- Establish and continue our research and	in 2017 / 2018	
		monitoring priorities		
		- Complete MPA resonation and realignment		

No.	Item	Discussion	Action	Due Date
		- Complete Goukamma and De Hoop		
		management plans		
		No questions or comments raised.		
16.	Nelson Mandela Bay Metro	Ms Kruger presentation focused on the following:		
	(Sardinia Bay): Alita Kruger	Management Successes		
		- Are quite successful with waste management,		
		working for the coast initiatives		
		- Abalone confiscations and have started new		
		partnership with Tactical Task Force to help		
		curb the poaching problem		
		- The MPA has become very popular with		
		tourists		
		- On the MPA the average compliance is 90%		
		and 10% enforcement		
		- Have sent all their rangers to Fire Arm training		
		again		
		Key Challenges		
		- Biodiversity: to maintain biodiversity of Sardina		

No.	Item	Discussion	Action	Due Date
No.	Item	Discussion Bay. User groups: have a huge range of groups using the area and it becomes a challenge when they start interacting and have disagreements Downsizing of officers from three offices to two is a problem. Education and awareness programmes are lacking They need to work with Law enforcement entities outside municipal structure for support. Having staff on contract (who have been trained on various trainings / courses and end up losing the skills because of lack of job security) Need to make the Sardinia Bay MPA area a	Action	Due Date
16.1	Questions and Comments	total dive ban zone Q – The income generated from fines, does it go to NMBM?		

No.	Item	Discussion	Action	Due Date
16.2	Alita Kruger	A – The money goes to the Traffic Department.		
		C – Support the dive ban because it would be a		
		pro-active approach because it prevents resources from being damaged.		
		C & Q – They needed to pass bi-laws to enforce		
		marine issues. Why they cannot use Marine		
		Living Resources Act (MLRA)? Are the people		
		employed as Fishery Control Officers (FCOs)?		
		A – No one is employed as an FCO, they rely on		
		DAFF, and it is the department that passes by		
		laws. Department has to assist NMBM as EMI		
		not FCOs.		
		C – At this point Sardinia Bay has Peace Officers		
		and relies on Municipal bi-laws.		

No.	Item	Discussion	Action	Due Date
17.	City of Cape Town: Jaco Uys	Mr Uys presentation focused on the following:		
		Management Successes		
		- Managed to draft Management Plan for estuaries		
		- Appointed as FCOs		
		- Had their METT Assessment which identified few		
		shortcomings, mainly the management plans		
		- Have managed to keep signage up in the MPA		
		for more than six months which is a big success		
		as people use to take it down all the time		
		- Have 1 staff allocated to the MPA and have been		
		relying on landlord neighbours and DAFF		
		through good relationship for compliance		
		monitoring in and out of the MPA.		
		<u>Challenges</u>		
		- Capacity: will not have any staff after June 2014		
		due to financial problems		
		- Vehicles: have 2 motorbikes and rely on		
		borrowing vehicles from other reserves		
		- Budget constraints		

No.	Item	Discussion	Action	Due Date
No.	Item	 Priorities Finalisation of the management plans Establishing of Fish Monitoring Programmes Investigating the possibility of a French Group Training: EMI Course Research: 2014 / 2015 Ecosystem Health in Estuary Systems and look at Catchment areas. 	Action	Due Date
17.1	Questions and Comments	 Work close with i (Cape Peninsula University of Technology) when they doing research in the MPA C – Problem with Gillnetters in the estuary. 		
		A – City of Cape Town is working with Marine Unit, to monitor anglers who are fishing in adjacent to the MPA. City getting law enforcement officials to assist in compliance.		
		C – Report request on the status, the entire		

No.	Item	Discussion	Action	Due Date
		report does not cover estuaries because most		
		estuaries are on MPAs and DEA has a mandate		
		to develop Estuaries Management Plans (EMPs).		
		MPA Managers who have estuaries in their		
		MPAs need to report on estuaries as well.		
18.	Legislative updates: Advocate	Adv. Razack gave a background of the MLRA, what		
	Radia Razack	is NEMPA A about and how is it different from the		
		MLRA, the impact of NEMPA A on the management		
		of MPAs.		
		Adv. Razack gave an overview of the amendments,		
		the legislation after the split of DEAT (MCM) and		
		which functions fall under DEA and which functions		
		falls under DAFF.		
		Adv. Razack also advised that the Bill is coming out		
		soon, and is currently with the Portfolio Committee.		
		The Bill will ensure smooth transition of MPAs from		
		MLRA to NEMPAA. It is best to follow NEMPAA as		
		the minister has full control of NEMPAA as opposed		
		to MLRA. Lastly, Adv. Razack advised that is best to		

No.	Item	Discussion	Action	Due Date
		get EMI designation rather than FCOs.		
		Ms Jacobs gave a brief background on Compliance		
		and Enforcement Capacity, the current status quo of		
18.1	DEA Compliance and Enforcement:	OC Compliance and Enforcement.		
	Tandiswa Jacobs	She further mentioned that other sections within		
		MLRA would be transferred to NEMBA TOPS. Due		
		to the above pending legislative amendments, it is		
		clear that the compliance & enforcement will have to		
		be undertaken by EMI's, there is a shorter version of		
		the training for EMI designation.		
		Consensus was reached to have Implementing		
		Agents' officials earmarked for FCO Designation		
		trained and designated as Grade 5 EMI's, in line		
		with the legislative mandate of the pending		
		amendments.		
		In total there are 135 officials need to be trained as		
		EMIs (Agencies can conduct/offer their own training		
		in consultation with the EMI Inspectorate for		
		guidance.		

No.	Item	Discussion	Action	Due Date
18.2	Questions and Comments	C – The course is only offered by DEA National (no other institution offers the course) C – All the officials already trained as EMIs before the split need to be designated under DEA.		
19.	Specialist Monitoring: Mr Ayanda	Mr Matoti gave a brief South African history on		
	Matoti	monitoring; the objectives and the structure of his		
		new Chief Directorate. He explained 3 types of		
		compliance: Compliance Monitoring; Performance		
		Monitoring and those they are focused on		
		Descriptive Monitoring.		
		C - DEA specialist-monitoring unit will not only		
19.1	Questions and Comments	monitor internal legislations but will also		

No.	Item	Discussion	Action	Due Date
		monitor other departments who have		
		environmental related legislations in place i.e. if		
		(Department of Transport, DMR, DAFF etc.)		
20.	EKZN Wildlife compliance	Mr Nair explained their core functions as monitoring		
	experience: George Nair	and administration and generates reports indicating		
		their achievements and presented the 2012/2013		
		report.		
		They monitor Durban and Richards Bay Harbours		
		as well as King Shaka and Richards Bay Airports		
		imports and exports.		
		Inspected 54 long liners (54 local and 71 foreign)		
		and 62 vessels that came to port and further gave a		
		list of their monitoring activities.		
		Have forums consisting of compliance officers,		
		conservationists, SAPS, prosecutors and attorneys		
		who attend to guide and discuss compliance and		
		prosecution matters		
		C - There is a need to figure/find a way that		

No.	Item	Discussion	Action	Due Date
		funds collected by Justice for fines can be paid		
		back to Marine Living Resources Fund.		
20.1	Questions and Comments	C - Need to deal with illegal advertising of Boat		
		Based Watching based on argument that they		
		are spotting and not watching.		
21.	Ocean Policy Update: Mr Gcobani	Mr Popose gave a brief background on the		
21.				
	Popose	objectives of the Oceans Policy, the process of		
		policy development, policy response, and guiding		
		principles on the White Paper on National		
		Environmental Management of the Oceans (NEMO).		
		He presented Strategic Themes and implementation		
		steps of the Oceans Policy.		
		Various agencies were involved in the drafting of the		
		White Paper and consultation was conducted.		
		C - At the moment the focus on the governance		
		issues, what can be done going forward rather		
21.1	Questions and Comments	than what could not be done in the past which is		
		documented on the White Paper		

No.	Item	Discussion	Action	Due Date
		Q - Data Management: would it not be replication		
		of what other data management agencies are		
		doing? The instruction from the Cabinet is to get		
		every sector involved in the ocean environment		
		and not get into the trend that other data		
		managing organisations tend to such as		
		focusing on one particular area that they are		
		busy with and ignore others.		
		Q - Have there been any success involving other		
		departments (DAFF/DMR)? DMR and DAFF have		
		been part of the process from initial stages up		
		until the stakeholders meeting in Parliament.		
22.	The Human Dimension of MPAs:	Serge gave a report back on 'Looking at how to		
	Serge Raemaerkers	integrate human dimensions into MPA Planning		
		Management and Decision Making Project',		
		how the project came about, the objectives and		
		presented drafts developed.		

No.	Item	Discussion	Action	Due Date
23.	Human Dimensions Guidelines	Merle indicated that the project has been running for		
	discussion: Merle Sowman (UCT	3 years and one of the ultimate outputs was to come		
	EEU)	up with the guidelines for integrating human		
		dimensions into planning, management and		
		evaluation.		
		The human dimensions guidelines focuses on the		
		human system, which comprises of the social,		
		economic, cultural, political and the governance		
		dimensions (each of these is unpacked).		
		The 1st part of the guidelines document explains		
		what human dimensions are, why there is a need to		
		think about them and how they can be integrated;		
		the 2 nd part has supporting information, key		
		references and recommended readings.		
		C - People like Kerry Sink in Conservation		
		Planning have been involved		
23.1	Questions and Comments	Q - Has there been any endorsement from		
		government i.e. DEA and DAFF? There have		
		been a presentation on the overview and		

Minutes: Aliwal Shoal MPA Forum 2014 11 - 14 February 2014

No.	Item	Discussion	Action	Due Date
		ongoing meetings with DAFF and DEA; and the		
		request was to all key agencies comment on the		
		guidelines		
		C - We need to move away from the notion of		
		qualitative and quantitative and start to see the		
	links in this ecosystem approach			
		C - Suggestion is to follow the process through		
		NEMA and get the stakeholders support and it		
		would be better this handled/conducted by an		
		official with social sciences background.		
24.	WWF Small-scale fisheries project:	The presentation focused on the following:		
	Mkhululi Silandela	- Challenges that the small-scale fisheries face		
		- Fisheries improvement concept		
		- Strategies that can work going forward		
		- Project overview of Kleinmond: Fisheries value		
		chain.		
		- Their focus now is on the supply chain		
		challenges and working forward in resolving		
		them.		

No.	Item	Discussion	Action	Due Date
		C - The medium term progress is that fishers		
		who are involved in the project and fishers who		
		were not involved in the project can start talking		
24.1	Questions and Comments	to each other looking at the social upliftments		
		and social benefits are better, in the longer term		
		the idea behind is to start revitalising and		
		revamping a broader goal of looking at		
		conservation issues.		
		C - The challenge is the limitation of boundaries		
		when having restrictions to manage outside the		
		reserve boundaries and it becomes DAFFs		
		responsibility.		
		C - Western Cape human dimensions model		
		tend to dominate, there is a need to recognise		
		human dimensions from KZN and Eastern Cape,		
		which create a different dynamic needing to be		
		understood and articulated. DEA needs to		
		address that, so that areas find solutions best		
		suit those particular areas.		

No.	Item	Discussion	Action	Due Date
25.	MPA capacity development:	The presentation focused on:		
	Lawrence Sisitka	- Training for the sustainable management of		
		Marine Protected Areas		
		- Management Training for South African MPAs		
		and Critical Coastal Areas		
		- The areas not covered on the training,		
		commonalities and purposes		
		- Future approaches (SA and Regional) and		
		Global Partnership for professionalising		
		Protected Area Management		
		None		
25.1	Questions and Comments	- People on the grass-roots level want to be part		
		of the decision making in the MPA.		
25.2	Declaration: Lindani	- The declaration touched on the following: That		
		the community feels harassed by compliance		
		officers through violence and property damage,		
		the livelihoods of people located adjacent to		

No.	Item	Discussion	Action	Due Date
		MPAs are negatively impacted. Deliberate		
		exclusion of the small scale fishers from where		
		they historically fished and communities have		
		been excluded in decisions to proclaim MPAs.		
		The community will embark on specific		
		programmes of action to address urgent		
		resolution of conflict in affected areas especially		
		in Dwesa Cwebe MPA. The affected areas		
		present were mentioned as Western Cape Boat-		
		based Langebaan, St. Helena Bay, Richards		
		Bay, Hluleka, Dwesa Cwebe and etc.		
26.	NATURAL SCIENCE MPA RESEARCH:			
	DR ALAN BOYD			
26.1	Coastal Research: Key Focus	Research provide scientific research and advise		
	Areas: Dr Maya Pfaff	other directorates and they monitor estuaries,		
		spatial planning initiative working with SANBI and		
		NMMU		

No.	Item	Discussion	Action	Due Date
26.2	Questions and Comments	C - Researchers do not inform communities on		
		the research being conducted in their areas and		
		what the findings are, the community needs to		
		be informed of these.		
		C - Communication is critical and if you want a		
		National Programme that you want everyone to		
		buy into and support then a lead need to be		
		taken to identify the 3/5 key priorities that need		
		to be implemented along the coast		
		C - The managing agencies are responsible to		
		communicate with communities to update on		
		any developments on research taking place in		
		the MPA.		
27.	Comparative MPA assessment	Imtiyaaz covered some of the reasons and some of		
21.				
	(Betty's Bay, Robberg, and	the aims that they are trying to achieve. He		
	emphasising Table Mountain):	explained biodiversity research and their upcoming		
	Imtiyaaz Malick	projects and shared the camera technology they are		
		currently using in their research.		

No.	Item	Discussion	Action	Due Date
28.	BRUV Research in MPAs: Lauren	They are using under water cameras that are		
	De Vos (UCT / SAEON)	deployed on the sea floor to remotely survey fish in		
		the region without extractive sampling.		
		Picked up 3 questions relating to MPAs.		
		C - Some of the work showed, addresses some		
28.1	Questions and Comments	of the questions that have come up previously		
		about the research priorities and so much work		
		could be done along the coastline.		
		C - Survey has been completed and awaiting		
		draft findings, the paper is coming up in the next		
		6 months with details on how the sampling was		
		done.		
		C - No significant difference in Falsebay – 3		
		papers coming up		
		C - Research has become a monitoring		
		programme accepted in the country and there is		
		a need to get it out there through workshops		
		and presentations.		
		Q - Research questions to be discussed next/		

No.	Item	Discussion	Action	Due Date
		areas not covered:		
		- What is the value of the MPA in terms of		
		seeding out of the MPA?		
		- Comparison in and out of the MPA –		
		abundance in diversity; movement and how it		
		relates to zoning		
		- Social benefits/ opportunities of the MPAs		
		- Alien species; heavy metals and the efficacy		
		of housing for penguins		
		- The relevancy of the criteria used to establish		
		MPAs, are they still relevant?		
		- Mining effects on MPAs		
		- Importance of MPA to its use (social study on		
		how people perceive MPAs)		
		- Costs of managing an MPA using current		
		models – cost benefits of an MPA		
		- Rolling up the work that has been carried out		
		in KZN		
		- Benefits of tourism in MPAs		
		- Capacity of sustaining an MPA		

No.	Item	Discussion	Action	Due Date
		- How to develop a model/best practice of co-		
		management		
		- Impact of swimming with seals (the impact		
		on seals and human) –there is a project in		
		place to study the impact on seals		
		Mr Khimalo gave some perspective from the		
		terrestrial system on how METT is being dealt with		
		and integrates the tool to be able to coordinate the		
		reporting to the Conventional Biological Diversity.		
		He covered the METT System results for 2010 and		
		that the National average METT scores were under		
		50% on the areas of focus. He gave an overview of		
		the management authorities METT scores and		
		some have reached 82% and some with budget		
		challenges scored way below, the average target is		
28.2	Management effectiveness and	67%.		
	tracking tool system: Mr Caiphus			
	Khumalo	Q - Is there a standard guideline on how		
		questions are interpreted to ensure questions		
		are interpreted the same? In a process of		

Minutes: Aliwal Shoal MPA Forum 2014 11 - 14 February 2014

No.	Item	Discussion	Action	Due Date
		appointing a service to sit and re-workshop, the		
		whole METT aiming to have a more refined		
		METT.		
		C - Need to have a formal guideline on		
		evaluation as people do not have same		
		standards and therefore would score		
		themselves differently.		
		C - Not comparing management authorities for		
28.3	Questions and Comments	various reasons such as issues of subjectivity		
		and etc.		
		C - Need to integrate the marine and terrestrial		
29.	Fish for Life Project: Eleanor Yeld-	Eleanor briefly introduced the project and explained		
	Hutchings (WWF)	how WWF Marine Programme Structure and Focus		
		and have explained their structure.		
		- The Fish for Life aims to engage recreational		
		fishers to improve the knowledge base for		
		managing recreational fisheries, raise awareness		
		about the status of key species and the value of		
		MPAs and improve recreational fishing practices.		

No.	Item	Discussion	Action	Due Date
		- To draw existing initiatives together and develop		
		as a national umbrella programme for new and		
		existing ventures that contributes to the project		
		aims.		
		- To create network of environmental awareness		
		fishers including a core citizen scientists.		
		- Further gave and explained the project outputs		
		as being: new digital fish distribution records;		
		network of environmentally awareness anglers		
		and key network partners.		
		Q - What is being done about the measuring of		
		competition catches the data that they provide is		
		based on Kilograms which can be converted but		
29.1	Questions and Comments	shouldn't they be encouraged to focus on length		
30.	Long-term fish monitoring in the	Jade gave a brief background of the Pondoland		
	Pondoland MPA for conservation	MPA and had 38 monitoring field trips and trying to		
	and fisheries benefits: Jade Maggs	secure funding to continue monitoring for future five		
	(ORI)	years. He explained their research methods; study		

No.	Item	Discussion	Action	Due Date
		sites; research fishing and indicators of how		
		much/many catches in certain areas and further		
		explained underwater visual census; tag recapture.		
		Future research:		
		- Quantify the amount of spill-over to adjacent		
		fished areas		
		- Exploratory sampling beyond the borders of the		
		sample sites		
		- Calculate natural mortality		
		- Comparison of research fishing and BRUV		
		abundance indices		
		- Fish community studies using BRUV		